

An automata characterisation for weighted multiple context-free grammars

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Multiple context-free grammars (MCFGs) and equivalent formalisms are currently prominent in natural language processing as they are able to express the non-projective constituents and dependencies present in natural language yet remain parsable in polynomial time. Although there are many parsing algorithms [3, Sec. 7] for MCFGs, no automaton model has been proven equivalent to them yet. Thread automata, introduced by Villemonte de la Clergerie [4], already come close to such an automaton model, and a construction of thread automata from ordered simple range concatenation grammars (which are equivalent to multiple context-free languages) was given [4, Sec. 4]. Based on the idea of thread automata, we introduce *tree stack automata* that possess, in addition to the usual finite state control, the ability to manipulate a tree-shaped stack which has the tree's root at its bottom. Our recent investigations of tree stack automata produced the following results:

- (R1) We can show that a restricted form of tree stack automata is equivalent to MCFGs.
- (R2) For a complete commutative strong bimonoid \mathcal{A} , we can show that a restricted form of \mathcal{A} -weighted tree stack automata is equivalent to \mathcal{A} -weighted MCFGs.

R1 is achieved by construction. For R2 we use weight separation for both weighted automata with storage [2, Thm. 6] and weighted MCFGs [1, Lem. 15].

References

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